

FIVE MEN ARE SHOT IN ATTEMPTED HOLD-UP OF GAMBLING JOINT

THE WEATHER REPORT:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Forecast: Oklahoma, partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

TULSA, Feb. 22.—The weather: Maximum 45, minimum 30; north winds; cloudy; 71 of an inch rain.

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TULSA, OKLAHOMA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1915

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BLACKMAIL IS WHAT KEY SAYS OF INDICTMENT

Tulsa Attorney Gave Bond Yesterday on Charge of Misusing Mails.

SELLS HALF INTEREST IN WAGONER LEASE

Kansas City Man Demands \$20,000 He Says He Gave Key to Invest.

GEORGE D. Key, Tulsa attorney and second man in the race for Democratic nomination for Oklahoma attorney general in the August primary, yesterday gave bond in the sum of \$5,000 before Ben C. Conner, United States commissioner, under indictment on a government charge of using the mails to defraud. The indictment was found against him by the United States grand jury for the eastern Oklahoma district last week in Muskogee.

In the indictment Key is alleged to have represented through the mails to B. E. Clark of Kansas City that he could purchase an oil lease for \$40,000 and that he would put up \$20,000 if Clark would risk that amount. His correspondent, it is alleged, agreed to put up the \$20,000 and Key drew a draft for that amount on a Kansas City bank which was honored.

Gave \$10,000 Note.
Later Key purchased the land for \$10,000 in cash, giving a \$10,000 note to cover an indebtedness on the land, not using any of his own money, it is alleged in the indictment.

The charge of using the mails for the purpose of defrauding is based on the theory that Key represented that he would put \$20,000 of his own money into the project, besides the \$20,000 which the Kansas City party agreed to place in the investment.

Says It's Blackmail.

Key when talked to last night characterized the indictment as the work of a blackmailer "who tried to extort money from him." The lease in question is in 16-18-18, Wagoner county. "I bought the lease myself when there were already four wells making 85 barrels production," said Key last night. "Some time later I sold a half interest to Clark for \$20,000, after he had been on the lease two times, had seen the gauge taken and spent one entire day on the property. After I bought the lease a good offset well was drilled which made from 50 to 75 barrels."

"The prospect for a good property induced an offer of \$50,000. I went to Kansas City and tried to persuade 'Clark' to sell. He declined, asking at least \$75,000."

Ordered Him From Office.

"Later we drilled a dry well to the offset producer and a dry hole on the south side of the lease. Oil went down and the value of the property decreased. It was at this time that Clark came to Tulsa and demanded his \$20,000 share. I told him to leave my office. The transaction commenced something like a year ago."

"I want my friends and the public in general to withhold their opinion as to my guilt until the case has had a trial and the facts are known to all."

OKLAHOMA MAN IS ELECTED

Twelve Hundred Fruit Jobbers Meet in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—Twelve hundred members of the Western Fruit Jobbers' association, representing more than half of the territory of the United States, held a meeting here today supplementary to the convention which closed last week in Los Angeles.

Election of officers resulted as follows: W. H. Cripe, Burlington, Iowa, president; T. D. Turner, Oklahoma City, first vice president; William M. Roylance, Provo, Utah, treasurer.

In Memory of Washington.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—(5:55 p. m.)—William G. Sharp, the American ambassador, and Alexander M. Thacker, the American consul-general, and the staffs of the embassy and consulate were present today at the ceremony conducted by the Empire State society of placing a wreath at the foot of the statue of George Washington.

Among others present were H. Carton De Wiart, Belgian minister of justice; the Marquis de La Fayette and Alfred S. Heidelberg, president of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris.

Lieutenant Falls in Battle.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—(5:57 p. m.)—The death in battle of M. Chevillon, member of the chamber of deputies for Bouches-du-Rhone, was announced in the chamber today. M. Chevillon was serving as a lieutenant of infantry and fell in battle Sunday in eastern France.

Dr. Hudson Dies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Dr. Richard Hudson, formerly dean of the department of literature, science and the arts of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, died of pneumonia at a local hotel today. Dr. Hudson was 70 years old.

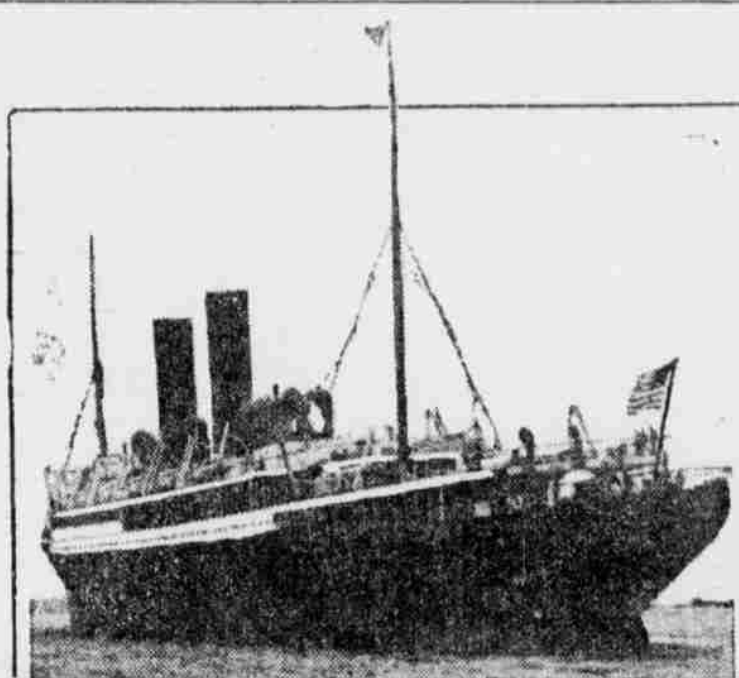
TULSA MORNING

DAILY

WORLD

FULL LEASED WIRE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

Here's Panama Canal Pioneer



Steamer Great Northern, the first passenger vessel through the Panama Canal from the Atlantic Coast to California, as she appeared entering San Diego Harbor February 19, bringing nearly 500 passengers. She made the run from Delwater to San Diego in 12 days, 42 hours being spent in the Panama Canal. The Great Northern, an American turbine, is in charge of Captain A. Ahmann.

Mayor O'Neill and President Davidson of the San Diego Exposition formed part of the reception committee, and each woman passenger was presented with a bouquet of California violets.

Eight hours' actual steaming time was required to pass through the canal. Fifteen minutes were consumed in the Gatun lock, and 30 minutes to negotiate the three sets of locks to pass the spillway into Gatun Lake.

DEFENSE MEASURES BEFORE CONGRESS

Appropriations For Army and Navy Occupy Attention of Two Houses.

PASS PENSION BILL

Senate Debates Over \$103,000,000 For Maintenance of the Army.

"GRANDFATHER" CASE DUE FOR DECISION

Half Hundred Opinions Are Expected Today When Supreme Court Reconvenes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Forty or fifty decisions are expected to be announced tomorrow when the supreme court reconvenes after a three weeks' recess. No intimation has been given, however, as to what cases will be decided of the more than one hundred pending.

Most of the more important cases deal with the validity of state laws. Among these is "grandfather clause" legislation in Oklahoma and Maryland; the Indiana safety appliance law; West Virginia two-cent passenger law; the Ohio and Kansas motion picture censor laws; the Oregon minimum wage law; the California eight-hour labor law and the Ohio anti-screen coal law.

Other pending suits involve the validity of the withdrawal by former President Taft of a vast area of public oil lands in California and Wyoming from entry in 1909; the enforceability of oil leases containing "surrender clauses," such as exist in base-ball contracts, and the right of interstate commerce commission to inspect the correspondence of railroads.

ARE YOU DRY?

We don't know exactly what it is having been Oklahoma so long, but we suppose it is some kind of liquid that is not seen under bridges.

In Chicago they celebrate the coming of spring on May 1 by drinking Beck beer, but if we had the beer we would celebrate the occasion on the first of any month, week or day. Enough of it will make you think it's spring if it ain't. Let's abolish the weather bureau and depend on the ground hog. Still raining.

BECK BEER

FEB 23

CHARITY GETS MUCH OF JOHN D'S MONEY

Foundation Established by Money King Spends More Than Six Millions.

PERSONAL GIFTS BIG

Relief of War-Stricken Belgians Constitutes Biggest Single Donation

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Six million three hundred and ninety-seven thousand six hundred and seven dollars and sixty-four cents was contributed or pledged by the Rockefeller foundation between its establishment in March, 1914, and February 1, 1915, according to a statement filed with the United States commission on industrial relations today.

Of this sum, \$2,212,750—or practically one-half—represents the personal charities of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., the author of the foundation having reserved in his letter of gift the right to distribute \$7,000,000 a year from the corporation's income, according to the dictates of his own will.

The war in Europe brought contributions of \$1,029,613.95 from the coffers of the foundation, the principal item being \$975,707.93 expended for food supplies for starving Belgians. Colleges, Y. M. C. A. projects, medical research and investigation, the Red Cross, organized charities

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DRASTIC PROHIBITION LAWS PROPOSED

Congressman-Elect Charles H. Randall Drafting Four Bills Aimed at Liquor Traffic.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 22.—Charles H. Randall, prohibition party congressman-elect from California, in an address to prohibitionists here today announced that it is to be proposed in the next congress that the federal government shall withdraw from the liquor business all the facilities which are under the government's control or ownership.

"A series of four proposed laws are hereafter to be issued only to holders of valid licenses already granted by local authorities in the states."

"The United States mails will be closed to use by the liquor interests for any purpose whatever, thus preventing the vicious and fraudulent advertising published in many newspapers and sent through the mails."

"The United States will prohibit the use of interstate commerce for liquor shipments and will stop importations from foreign countries, thus erecting a stone wall at every state line."

"A federal embargo will be placed against the waste of food products by prohibiting the transformation of grain, fruits or any product valuable for food into intoxicating or alcoholic liquors."

Against Liquor for Indians.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 22.—The Northwest Federation of Indian Tribes in session here adopted today a resolution asking congress to appropriate \$150,000 to suppress the liquor traffic among the Indians.

SUBMARINE IS DREADED WASP OF GREAT WAR

Germany Spreads Terror Thoroughly England by Enforcing Blockade.

SEVERE RETALIATORY MEASURES PLANNED

Allies Announce That Cotton May Be Put On the List of Contraband.

Crew Not Seen.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 22.—(Via London, Feb. 22.—1:05 p. m.)—1:10 midnight the thirteen missing men from the American steamer Evelyn's crew had not been reported from any point in Holland.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—(10 p. m.)—The wasp of modern warfare, the submarine, by means of which Germany has declared she will blockade the British Isles daily, becomes a factor of more and more importance in the great war of Europe with respect to its influence on the policies of the nations engaged in connection with the contraband question, so vital to neutral states.

Almost coincident with the unofficial reports that Austria proposes to follow the example of her ally by making war on merchant ships in the Adriatic came the announcement by Premier Asquith in the British house of commons that the much discussed retaliatory plan of Great Britain, though still tentative, was much broader in scope than had been previously suggested; in that it was a matter for the consideration of all the allies and that a joint note concerning it might be expected from the allies.

The statement was likewise made in the house of commons that the British government might deem it necessary to alter its decision whereby cotton up to the present has not been classed as contraband.

Three British Crafts Missing.

The day passed without news of any additional merchant ship, but the British navy, having fallen a victim to a German submarine, but three small British crafts are missing and fears are expressed as to their fate.

Amsterdam reports that two German submarines are overdue at their base, Cuxhaven, but whether they have been sunk is not known. Traffic in the North sea remains somewhat disorganized and Dutch and Scandinavian sailors are showing a reluctance to go to sea, owing to the menace of both submarines and mines. Reports from Copenhagen that traffic between Sweden and England has been discontinued temporarily are not officially confirmed.

The British newspaper press today two conflicting versions of the recent battles by which the Germans drove the Russians back over the east Prussian frontier, but naturally they are inclined to accept the Russian version that the Russians fell back in orderly fashion, fighting an effective rear guard action.

100,000 Prisoners Taken.

As against this is the German claim of 100,000 prisoners and a staggering array of captured munitions. It is noted, however, that Berlin says: "The pursuit has come to an end."

And British observers say this means that another costly German attack has failed short. It will take the battles now developing on Russian soil to demonstrate whether this view is correct.

In the Carpathians the armies of Russia and Austria remain away as it were in the gateway of Hungary.

In the western war zone it is given and take with the loss or gain of a few yards of trenches. The official reports make the usual claims, the allies emphasizing their gains and the Germans theirs.

FIRE DAMAGE AT FORT WORTH.

Western Union Office Is Transferred to Union Station.

FORT WORTH, Feb. 22.—Rapid work by the entire fire department late today extinguished a blaze in the heart of the city, but a heavy wind, menacing the business section. The loss was only \$10,000. Water damage caused the transfer of the Western Union office to the union station.

WOMEN

who have homelike rooms can quickly rent them to desirable roomers through WORLD WANTS.

3-time ads seldom fail.

WORLD WANTS IN

FIVE WOUNDED IN GUN BATTLE IN TULSA JOINT

Three men entered the Hartford gambling house on South Boston last night at 11 o'clock, when the joint was running in full blast and well crowded. In a vain attempt to stick the place up, they were forced to open fire on the crowd to escape. Five men were injured, perhaps fatally. One of the bandits was wounded and is held by the police but the other two made their escape in safety.

They were unmasked but wore bandages across their foreheads. After entering the place they scattered each intending to hold up a different part of the house. Acting at the same time they were about to carry out the plan, concealed their eyes behind handkerchiefs and drew their guns but somebody fired from cover and a man thought to be one of the bandits fell, leaving the other two to stage a battle as they ran toward the stairs.

Four men were rushed to the Tulsa hospital, Sam Hopper, aged 20, a farmer living west of Tulsa, shot in the arm, an Indian of Claremore, shot in the leg; J. P. Hahn, the alleged bandit from whose prostrate body a twisted rag arranged to conceal his features was taken, and the negro porter of the joint. The two last named were seriously wounded in the body.

BINDER FACTORY AT PEN FAVORED

Testerman Bill Proves Popular and Forces Democrats to Compromise.

SYKES IS CHAIRMAN

House Goes on Record As Endorsing Capital Punishment.

PREPARE FOR PROBE.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 22.—The house investigating committee held an executive session tonight and planned a series of early hearings in accordance with the resolution adopted last week, calling for a probe of corporation commissioner A. P. Watson's official conduct.

The committee meets tomorrow morning at 2 o'clock to take further evidence in the investigation of insurance commissioner Welch. Rumors that a whitewash of Welch is planned will either be confirmed or denied by the actions of the committee at Tuesday's session.

The joint committee of the house and senate, which was instructed by concurrent resolution to investigate the alleged exorbitant rates charged the state by the Norman sanitarian people for the care of the insane, has not yet held a meeting. If the committee does not get together soon certain members of the house are going to introduce a resolution demanding to know the reasons for their inaction.

By GLENN CONDON, (Staff Correspondent.)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 22.—With James H. Sykes of Tulsa in the chair the house of representatives today voted the sum of \$200,000 for the installation of a binder twine factory and other industries at the Oklahoma state penitentiary.

The original bill, offered by Representative Paul Nesbitt, carried only

(Continued On Page Two.)

SCANDINAVIANS ARE PUZZLED.

Watch Movements of Armies.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—(6:30 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Havas agency says that an observatory has been erected on a height near Bonfol in Switzerland, where the movements of French and German troops can be watched. A Swiss military balloon has also appeared in the same neighborhood, with the purpose, it is presumed, of detecting possible transgression of Swiss territory.

GERMAN BOMBS ARE DROPPED.

Slight Damage is Done in Vicinity of Calais.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—(5:10 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Calais says that a German dirigible dropped a number of bombs today, which did slight damage to the St. Omer, Hazebrouck & Dunkirk railroad line in the vicinity of the railroad station at Fontinettes.

Train service over the line was immediately re-established. Two incendiary bombs damaged several dwellings in the village.

Fontinettes is a little over a mile south of St. Omer, which lies twenty miles southeast of Calais.

Japan Represented.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—Admiral Baron Sotokichi Uru arrived today to represent Japan as a commissioner at the Panama-Pacific exposition. He is accompanied by his wife and his personal staff.

Do you need a good house-keeper? There is a deserving lady has an ad on the Classified Page. Look for it, she might just suit you.

NO PROTEST BY U. S. OVER LOSS OF SHIP EVELYN

Wilson and Bryan Confer Action Awaits Definite Information.

NATIONALITY OF MINE IS UNKNOWN

Coast Guards in North Holland Say Ship's Crew Has Not Arrived.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—

President Wilson conferred with Secretary Bryan tonight concerning the destruction of the American steamer Evelyn off the coast of Germany last Friday, but in the absence of definite information as to the cause of the wreck no course of action beyond diplomatic inquiries was decided upon.

Having learned unofficially that a part of the Evelyn's crew when cast adrift from the sinking vessel headed for the coast of Holland, Secretary Bryan cabled to American Minister Henry Van Dyke at The Hague the same message he previously had sent to Ambassadors Page and Gerard at London and Berlin, asking that every care be extended to the crew and an investigation of the facts of the catastrophe be made through all available agencies.

Earlier in the day Secretary Daniels instructed the naval attaché of the American embassy at Berlin to make an investigation of the disaster and report such technical information as was possible for him to gather concerning the mine fields, the course of the vessel at the time of her mishap, when she took a pilot aboard, and other data which might aid the United States in forming judgment as to responsibility for the destruction of the ship.

No Grounds for Protest.

It was conceded in official quarters that if the nationality of the mine were not determined and if no proof were obtained to show whether official notification to neutral vessels concerning the courses they should steer were being followed by the Evelyn, there should be virtually no ground for diplomatic protest.

A civil suit, however, by the United States war risk insurance bureau and the owners of the vessel and cargo is certain to follow upon such evidence as can be gathered through the official inquiries now being made. Some officials thought that a claim for damages might even be laid against both Germany and Great Britain if the mines were shown far beyond belligerent zones of operation without giving due notice to neutral craft.

Some anxiety prevailed among officials over the fate of that portion of the crew of the Evelyn supposed to have reached the coast of Holland after the vessel struck. The message last night from American Consul Fee at Bremen said merely "the crew was saved" and made no mention of any missing men. This was not supplemented by any further

(Continued On Page Ten.)

VILLA FORCES LOSE

Constitutionalists Drive Villistas From Coahuila Coal Fields.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 22.—A message delayed in transmission from Monclova, Coahuila, says a large force of Villistas, attempting to gain control of the coal fields of Coahuila, were driven from that section by the constitutional army commanded by Generals Maclovio, Herrera, Luis G. G. and Fernando Mayotte. The two forces, numbering about 5,000 men each, engaged in skirmish fighting for nearly two days, when the Villistas, commanded by General Rosendo Hernandez, were driven back, after abandoning three trains, which were seized by the constitutionalists and are now being used by the latter in the vicinity of Monclova. General Herrera has established his headquarters at Piedras Negras and is organizing a large force at camps extending westward for 100 miles.

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